

## 3.5 Physical Security

### What happens if a thief breaks into Government Office and steals classified data?

#### 3.5.1 Perimeter Control

**Policy** Premises housing critical government information processing facilities must be protected from unauthorized access, damage and interference.

**Standard** Implement perimeter controls at all premises housing critical government information processing facilities.

#### Procedure

- (1) External walls constructed from the real ceiling where needed of premises housing critical government information processing facilities must be of solid construction.
- (2) Fire doors should be equipped with alarms and should automatically slam shut.
- (3) Buildings should be protected with secure doors, grills and locking hardwares where appropriate
- (4) Place a manned reception area or other means to control physical access to buildings. Access to buildings is restricted to authorized personnel only.

#### Guidelines

- (1) The criticality of the information processing facilities shall be decided by the organization concerned.
- (2) Solid construction for premises must follow construction/security standards based on :
  - i. JKR General Specification for Building Works.
  - ii. Arahan Keselamatan Negeri Sabah, Bab Keselamatan Fizikal (II-Keselamatan Bangunan)
  - iii. Relevant authorities Building-bylaws.

## What happens if an unauthorized personnel enters Government premises and steals classified information?

### 3.5.2 Access Control

**Policy** All premises housing critical government information processing facilities should be designated as restricted areas.

**Standard** Access privileges for persons to restricted areas should be given on a need to enter basis.

#### Procedure

- (1) Those who need access to restricted areas must wear a security pass, of which type is determined by the following classification :
  - a. Permanent - Persons who work permanently in restricted areas must be issued with and wear a permanent security pass at all times.
  - b. Temporary - Persons who do not work permanently in restricted areas but require entry to carry out official duties must be issued with and wear a temporary security pass during the duration of the work.
  - c. Visitor - Persons from outside who are on official visit to restricted areas must be issued with and wear a visitor security pass and escorted by authorized personnel during the duration of the visit.
- (2) For each temporary and visitor entry, an access control log should be used to record the following information :
  - i. Name and NRIC number of the person(s) entering
  - ii. Employer or affiliation
  - iii. Name of the escorting person(s)
  - iv. Restricted area to be entered
  - v. Purpose
  - vi. Signature
  - vii. Date and time of entry
  - viii. Date and time of departure.
- (3) The number of visitors to restricted areas must be limited accordingly to minimize security risk.

- (4) The security pass must be returned upon exit from restricted areas.
- (5) Lost of security pass must be reported immediately.
- (6) Access controls should be applied at all restricted areas by using security identification mechanism such as swipe cards, biometrics, etc.
- (7) Surveillance devices such as CCTV, motion detectors and alarms should be installed in all restricted areas. The CCTV should be monitored at all times.
- (8) Installation of signs boards indicating "**authorized personnel only**" or a similar message should be prominently posted at all entrances to restricted areas.

### **Guideline**

- (1) The criticality of the information processing facilities shall be decided by the organization concerned.